## Monopoly Profits Class Activity

## DIRECTIONS

Mark has written an app that allows students to easily keep track of their homework assignments. He is a single-price monopolist and has no fixed costs, but he must pay his Internet service provider \$2 for every download. Use the table below to answer the following questions.

Price	Quantity Demanded	Total Revenue	Marginal Revenue	Marginal Cost	Total Cost	Profit
\$6	0		-	-		
\$5	3					
\$4	9					
\$3	18					
\$2	28					
\$1	42					
\$0	63					

- 1) Calculate the values for the empty cells in the table above.
- 2) If Mark wants to maximize profits, what price should he charge? How many downloads will be sold?
  - Price: <u>\$</u> Quantity: \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) If Mark wants to maximize revenue, what price should he charge? How many downloads will be sold? Price: <u>\$</u>\_\_\_\_\_

Quantity:

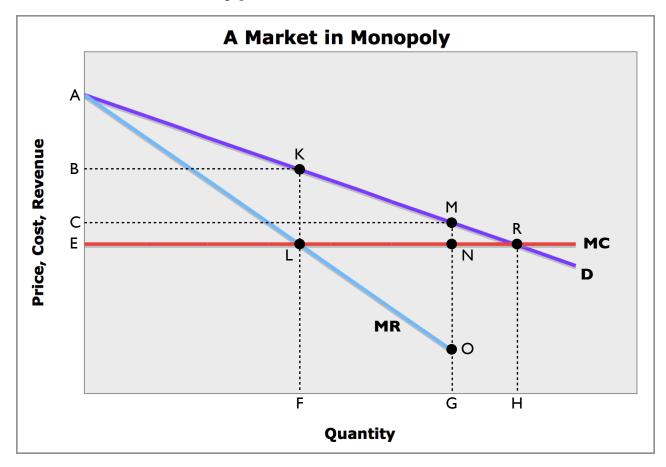
4) If Mark wants as many students as possible to download his app, what price should he charge? How many downloads will be sold?

Price: <u>\$</u>\_\_\_\_\_

Quantity:

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This graph illustrates a market that is controlled by a single-price monopolist. There is no fixed cost, but the values for marginal cost, marginal revenue, and demand are drawn on the graph. Use the labeled points as a reference to answer the following questions.



- 5) If this monopolist wants to maximize profits, what price should he charge? What will the quantity be? Price:
  - Quantity:
- 6) Which area reflects the monopolist's profit?
- 7) Which area reflects the consumer surplus under monopoly?
- 8) Which area reflects the deadweight loss under monopoly?
- 9) If this was a perfectly competitive market, what would the price and output levels be? Price:

Quantity: \_\_\_\_

10) Which area reflects the consumer surplus under perfect competition?